Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

SHANNON	Source of Drinking Water	Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small	
IL0150300	The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams,	amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about	
Annual Water Quality Report for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2023 This report is intended to provide you with important	ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of	-	
information about your drinking water and the efforts made by the water system to provide safe drinking water.	animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water	In order to ensure that tap water is safe to	
The source of drinking water used by SHANNON is Ground Water	include: - Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.	drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.	
For more information regarding this report contact:	- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or	Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population.	
Name Perri Wilson	domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.	Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have	
Phone 815-297-7023 Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre el agua que usted bebe. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.	 Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses. Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems. 	undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and othe microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).	
	 Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. 	If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about	
Source Water Information		lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking	
Source Water Name	Type of Water Report Status	water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at	
WELL 4 (01937)	GWA	http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.	
WELL 5 (01985)	GWA		

We want our valued customers to be informed about their water quality. If you would like to learn more, please feel welcome to attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. The source water assessment for our supply has been completed by the Illinois EPA. If you would like a copy of this information, please stop by City Hall or call our water operator at __815-864-2194__. To view a summary version of the completed Source Water Assessments, including: Importance of Source Water; Susceptibility to Contamination Determination; and documentation/recommendation of Source Water Protection Efforts, you may access the Illinois EPA website at http://www.epa.state.il.us/cgi-bin/wp/swap-fact-sheets.pl.

Source of Water: SHANNON Based on information obtained in a Well Site Survey published in 1991 by the Illinois EPA, one potential source is located within 1,000 feet of the wells. The Illinois EPA has determined that the Shannon Community Water Supply's source water is not susceptible to contamination. This determination is based on a number of criteria including; monitoring conducted at the wells; monitoring conducted at the entry point to the distribution system; and available hydro geologic data on the wells.

2023 Regulated Contaminants Detected

Lead and Copper

Definitions:

Action Level Goal (ALG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. ALGs allow for a margin of safety.

Action Level:	The concentration of a	a contaminant which,	if exceeded,	triggers treatment	or other requirements	which a water system must follow.
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Lead and Copper	Date Sampled	MCLG	Action Level (AL)	90th Percentile	# Sites Over AL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper	2023	1.3	1.3	0.525	0	ppm		Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing systems.

Water Quality Test Results

Definitions:	The following tables contain scientific terms and measures, some of which may require explanation.
Avg:	Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples.
Level 1 Assessment:	A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.
Level 2 Assessment:	A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.
Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL:	The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or	MCLG: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
Maximum residual disinfectant leve MRDL:	el or The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
Maximum residual disinfectant leve goal or MRDLG:	The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
na:	not applicable.
mrem:	millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)
ppb:	micrograms per liter or parts per billion - or one ounce in 7,350,000 gallons of water.
ppm:	milligrams per liter or parts per million - or one ounce in 7,350 gallons of water.
Treatment Technique or TT:	A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Regulated Contaminants

Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
2023	1	0.65 - 1.41	MRDLG = 4	MRDL = 4	ppm	N	Water additive used to control microbes.
2023	2	1.9 - 1.9	No goal for the total	80	dqq	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
2023	0.891	0.891 - 0.891	2	2	mqq	N	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits.
2023	0.7	0.7 - 0.7	4	4.0	mqq	N	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
2023	116000	116000 - 116000			ppb	N	Erosion from naturally occuring deposits. Used in water softener regeneration.
Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
02/15/2022	1.35	1.35 - 1.35	0	5	pCi/L	N	Erosion of natural deposits.
02/15/2022	6.72	6.72 - 6.72	0	15	pCi/L	N	Erosion of natural deposits.
07/28/2021	0.2682	0.00596 - 0.2682	0	30	ug/l	N	Erosion of natural deposits.
Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
2023	1.12	0 - 1.12	700	700	dqq	N	Discharge from petroleum refineries.
	Date 2023 2023 Collection Date 2023 2023 2023 2023 2023 2023 2023 202	DateDetected202312023220232Collection DateHighest Level Detected20230.89120230.72023116000Collection DateHighest Level Detected02/15/20221.3502/15/20226.7207/28/20210.2682Collection DateHighest Level Detected07/28/2021D.2682	Date Detected Detected 2023 1 0.65 - 1.41 2023 2 1.9 - 1.9 201ection Highest Level Detected Range of Levels Detected 2023 0.891 0.891 - 0.891 2023 0.7 0.7 - 0.7 2023 116000 116000 - 116000 2023 116000 116000 - 116000 2023 1.35 1.35 - 1.35 02/15/2022 6.72 6.72 - 6.72 07/28/2021 0.2682 0.00596 - 0.2682 Collection Date Highest Level Detected Range of Levels Detected	Date Detected Detected 2023 1 0.65 - 1.41 MRDLG = 4 2023 2 1.9 - 1.9 No goal for the total Collection Highest Level Range of Levels MCLG 2023 0.891 0.891 - 0.891 2 2023 0.7 0.7 - 0.7 4 2023 116000 116000 - 116000 1 2023 1.35 1.35 - 1.35 0 02/15/2022 6.72 6.72 - 6.72 0 02/15/2022 0.2682 0.00596 - 0.2682 0 07/28/2021 0.2682 0.00596 - 0.2682 0 Collection Highest Level Detected Range of Levels Detected 0	Date Detected Detected MRDL = 4 2023 1 0.65 - 1.41 MRDLG = 4 MRDL = 4 2023 2 1.9 - 1.9 No goal for the total 80 Collection Highest Level Detected Range of Levels Detected MCLG MCL 2023 0.891 0.891 - 0.891 2 2 2023 0.70 0.7 - 0.7 4 4.0 2023 116000 116000 - 116000 11 11000 2023 11600 116000 - 116000 11 11000 11000 2023 1.35 1.35 - 1.35 0 5 11 02/15/2022 1.35 1.35 - 1.35 0 5 15 02/15/2022 6.72 6.72 - 6.72 0 15 30 30 07/28/2021 0.2682 0.00596 - 0.2682 0 30 30 Collection Date Highest Level Detected Range of Levels Detected MCLG MCL	DateDetectedDetectedMRDLGMRDLG = 4MRDL = 4ppm202310.65 - 1.41MRDLG = 4MRDL = 4ppm202321.9 - 1.9No goal for the total80ppbCollection DateHighest Level DetectedRange of Levels DetectedMCLGMCLUnits20230.8910.891 - 0.89122ppm20230.70.7 - 0.744.0ppm2023116000116000 - 116000ppbppbCollection DateHighest Level DetectedRange of Levels DetectedMCLGMCLUnits02/15/20221.351.35 - 1.3505pCi/L02/15/20226.726.72 - 6.72015pCi/L07/28/20210.26820.00596 - 0.2682030ug/1Collection DateHighest Level Range of Levels DetectedMCLGMCLGUnits	DateDetectedDetectedMRDLG = 4MRDL = 4ppmN202310.65 - 1.41MRDLG = 4MRDL = 4ppmN202321.9 - 1.9No goal for the total80ppbNCollection DateHighest Level Range of Levels DetectedMCLGMCLUnitsViolation20230.8910.891 - 0.89122ppmN20230.70.7 - 0.744.0ppmN2023116000116000 - 116000ppbNN2023116000116000 - 116000ppbNN2023116000116000 - 116000ppbNN20230.70.7 - 0.744.0ppmN20230.1600116000 - 116000ppbNNN20241.1600116000 - 116000ppbNCLGUnitsViolation02/15/20221.351.35 - 1.3505pCi/LN02/15/20226.726.72 - 6.72015pCi/LN07/28/20210.26820.00596 - 0.2682030ug/lNCollection DateHighest Level Range of Levels DetectedMCLGMCLGUnitsViolation

Violations Table

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Chlorine							
Some people who use water containing chlorine well in excess of the MRDL could experience irritating effects to their eyes and nose. Some people who drink water containing chlorine well in excess of the MRDL could experience stomach discomfort.							
Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation				
MONITORING, ROUTINE (DBP), MAJOR	10/01/2023	10/31/2023	We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated.				

Corrective Action

Chlorine			
MONITORING, ROUTINE (DBP), MAJOR	10/01/2023	10/31/2023	Monitoring of Chlorine was completed for the month of October, 2023, however paper work was incomplete. Corrective action has taken place to insure paper work is complete for future submittal.

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